Factsheet 1
What is dementia?
This factsheet is about what dementia is and how it affects people. For more information about supporting someone with dementia, see Easy Read Factsheet 2, Supporting a person with dementia.

Alzheimer’s Society worked with the British Institute of Learning Disabilities (BILD) on the production of this factsheet. Alzheimer’s Society and BILD wish to thank Our Way Self Advocacy, Building Bridges Training and the H Team at Grapevine for their invaluable contributions.
About dementia

Dementia is an illness caused by damage to a person’s brain. You cannot catch dementia from another person.

Cells in the brain die. They cannot grow again.

Changes to the person’s brain lead to memory loss and problems with thinking. Their behaviour may also change.
Who can get dementia?

Dementia mostly affects older people over 65.

Men and women can get dementia.

Younger people (under 65) can also get dementia. People with learning disabilities are more likely to get dementia when they are younger.
How does dementia affect people?

Dementia causes memory difficulties. A person may forget names or where they have put things.

Dementia can affect how people feel and behave. They may be sad or angry or get confused.

A person with dementia can find it hard to do everyday activities like cooking, shopping or getting dressed.
How can someone tell if they have dementia?

If someone is worried about their memory they should see their GP.

The GP will ask the person questions and may send them for a blood test.
How can someone tell if they have dementia?

The person may be asked to go for a scan. This helps the doctors to see how the brain is working.

The GP may ask the person to go to the hospital or memory clinic for more tests.
Is there a cure for dementia?

Dementia cannot be cured. It gradually gets worse over time.

There are medicines that can help with some of the effects of dementia. The doctor will explain these.

Scientists are working to find a cure and new treatments.
Can dementia be prevented?

Dementia cannot be completely prevented. But there are things people can do that may make it less likely they will get dementia.

Staying active and getting lots of exercise can help prevent dementia.

Eating healthy food and not drinking too much alcohol can help prevent dementia.
Can dementia be prevented?

Not smoking means people are less likely to get dementia.

Being social and seeing family and friends regularly may help prevent dementia.

Learning new things and doing puzzles and activities may help prevent dementia.
More information about dementia

For more information and advice, visit alzheimers.org.uk or phone the Helpline on 0300 222 1122

Easy Read Factsheet 2, Supporting a person with dementia may help you.

Alzheimer’s Society is the UK’s leading support and research charity for people with dementia, their families and carers.

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First published: October 2014
Next review due: October 2017